## ALSAN CAT

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## SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2015/830)

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: ALSAN CAT

SDS n°1254a

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: SOPREMA.

Address: 14, Rue de Saint-Nazaire.67025.STRASBOURG.FRANCE.

Telephone: 03 88 79 84 00. Fax: 03 88 79 84 01.

sds@soprema.fr www.soprema.com

# 1.4. Emergency telephone number: +44 (0)1 235 239 670.

Association/Organisation: CARECHEM 24.

## **SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

## In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Organic peroxide, Type D (Org. Perox. D, H242).

Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).

Skin sensitisation, Category 1 (Skin Sens. 1, H317).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute hazard, Category 1 (Aquatic Acute 1, H400).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 1 (Aquatic Chronic 1, H410).

# 2.2. Label elements

# In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms:







GHS02

GHS07

GHS09

Signal Word : DANGER

Product identifiers:

EC 202-327-6 DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE

Hazard statements:

H242 Heating may cause a fire.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements - Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P220 Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.

P234 Keep only in original packaging.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statements - Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

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Precautionary statements - Disposal:

P501

Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / regional / national / international regulation.

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# 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.2. Mixtures

# **Composition:**

Composition:			
Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
CAS: 94-36-0	GHS07, GHS09, GHS01, GHS02	[1]	49 <= x % < 52,5
EC: 202-327-6	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119511472-50-xxxx	Self-react. B, H241		
	Skin Sens. 1, H317		
DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
	M Acute = 1		
	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		
	M Chronic = 1		
CAS: 94-49-5	GHS09		47,5 <= x % < 51
EC: 202-338-6	Wng		
REACH: 17-2120220291-73-xxxx	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		
	M Chronic = 1		
ETHYLENE GLYCOL DIBENZOATE			
CAS: 7631-86-9		[1]	$0 \le x \% < 0.5$
EC: 231-545-4			
REACH: 01-2119379499-16-xxxx			
SILICON DIOXIDE			

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

### Information on ingredients:

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

# **SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

### In the event of splashes or contact with eyes:

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

## In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

### In the event of swallowing:

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

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## **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Flammable.

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages cool when in the vicinity of flames.

In the event of a fire nearby a peroxide storage area, evacuate the warehouse and move the peroxide containers to a safe place.

If this is not possible, the warehouse needs to be sprayed to prevent stock from heating and fire from spreading.

## Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist
- carbon dioxide (CO2)
- foam
- dry sand

In the event of a fire, use water except when fighting a fire caused by sodium peroxide where anhydrous sodium carbonate or dry sand should be used.

Carbon dioxide or dry powder extinguishers can be used if the fire is in its initial phase.

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

#### Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- halon

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon dioxide (CO2)
- oxygen (O2)

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Due to the toxicity of the gas emitted on thermal decomposition of the products, fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

In the event of fire, all personnel handling the fire must wear protective clothing and independent breathing apparatus.

# SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

## For non first aid worker

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

If the product contaminates waterways, rivers or drains, alert the relevant authorities in accordance with statutory procedures

Use drums to dispose of collected waste in compliance with current regulations (see section 13).

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Spread the product with water or suitable solvent (ethyl acetate) then absorb the product.

## To collect the product, use instruments made of polyethylene or polypropylene, so as not to create a spark.

Do not use combustible cloths or materials.

The residue will be stored in non-combustible containers that are not hermetically sealed.

Clean the contaminated area with water.

Retrieve the product by mechanical means (sweeping/vacuuming) : do not generate dust.

# 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

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### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

Individuals with a history of skin sensitisation should not, under any circumstance, handle this mixture.

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

### Fire prevention:

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

## Recommended equipment and procedures:

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Avoid inhaling dust.

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

Handle at a temperature 10°C below the self-accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT).

Do not perform transfer operations under pressure; this could cause the peroxide to heat.

Do not use an external heat source to bring the product to room temperature, to prevent the formation of a hot spot.

The equipment used for handling the product must be made of compatible material, instruments used must therefore be made of stainless steel, non-pigmented polyethylene or polypropylene.

## Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

Never open the packages under pressure.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

25 °C max

## Storage

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry place.

Store away from light and heat, since these factors favour peroxidation.

Store in inert atmosphere (e.g. under nitrogen).

Store in clean, unoxidised containers.

Ensure that the container is fully sealed to avoid evaporation of the solvent or product stored, which would cause a concentration of peroxides in the recipient.

The storage area must be indicated by signs bearing the 'Oxidising' symbol and have signs prohibiting smoking.

## **Packaging**

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

Only store in original packaging.

If decanting, ensure that the material on the new packaging is compatible with the properties of peroxide.

Make sure there is a ventilation hole in packaging containers, to prevent overpressure. A temperature indicator is also useful.

Suitable packaging materials:

- Aluminium
- Polyethylene
- Polypropylene
- Glass
- Stainless steel

Unsuitable packaging materials:

- Galvanised metals
- Steel
- Copper
- Lead
- Zinc

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

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## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1. Control parameters

# Occupational exposure limits:

- Switzerland (SUVAPRO 2017):

CAS	VME	VLE	Valeur plafond	Notations
94-36-0	5 i mg/m <sup>3</sup>	5 i mg/m <sup>3</sup>		
7631-86-9				SSC

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, 2011) :

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
94-36-0	- ppm 5 mg/m³	- ppm - mg/m³			

# Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):

DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (CAS: 94-36-0)

Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 6.6 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 11.75 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 1.65 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 3.3 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.
DNEL: 2.9 mg of substance/m3

# Predicted no effect concentration (PNEC):

DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (CAS: 94-36-0)

Environmental compartment: Soil. PNEC: 0.75

 $\begin{array}{ll} Environmental \ compartment: & Fresh \ water. \\ PNEC: & 0.602 \ \mu g/l \end{array}$ 

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Environmental compartment:} & \text{Sea water.} \\ \text{PNEC:} & 0.0602~\mu\text{g/l} \end{array}$ 

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 0.338 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.0338 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 0.35 mg/l

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## 8.2. Exposure controls

### Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE):









Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

### - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Before handling powders or dust emission, wear mask goggles in accordance with standard EN166.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

### - Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- PVC (polyvinyl chloride)
- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer)
- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))
- Neoprene® (Polychloroprene)

Recommended properties:

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

## - Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing :

Wear protective clothing against solid chemicals and particles suspended in the air (type 5) in accordance with standard EN13982-1 to prevent skin contact.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

# - Respiratory protection

Avoid breathing dust.

Type of FFP mask:

Wear a disposable half-mask dust filter in accordance with standard EN149.

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387:

- AX (Brown)

Particle filter according to standard EN143 :

- P2 (White)

# SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

## General information:

Physical state : Powder or dust.

Apparent bulk density (Packed) : 580 kg/m3

Important health, safety and environmental information

pH: 7.00 .

Neutral.

Boiling point/boiling range: Not relevant.

Vapour pressure (50°C): Not relevant.

Density: Not stated.

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Water solubility: Insoluble.

Melting point/melting range: Not relevant.

Self-ignition temperature: Not relevant.

Decomposition point/decomposition range: 55 °C.

### 9.2. Other information

No data available.

### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

## 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

Mixture which detonates partially, but does not deflagrate fast and does not react violently when heated under confinement.

Mixture which does not detonate, but deflagrates slowly and does not react violently when heated under confinement.

Mixture which neither detonates nor deflagrates, but reacts moderately when heated under confinement.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

SADT: 55 °C

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid:

- heating
- heat
- formation of dusts
- accumulation of electrostatic charges.
- shock and friction
- flames and hot surfaces
- exposure to light

May decompose under the effect of heat.

Dusts can form an explosive mixture with air.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from:

- combustible material
- acids
- alkalis
- amines
- bases
- reducing agents

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form:

- carbon dioxide (CO2)
- oxygen (O2)

# SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days. May cause an allergic reaction by skin contact.

# 11.1.1. Substances

### Acute toxicity:

SILICON DIOXIDE (CAS: 7631-86-9)

Oral route : LD50 > 10000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

Species: Rabbit

Inhalation route (n/a): LC50 = 0.139 mg/l

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Species: Rat

ETHYLENE GLYCOL DIBENZOATE (CAS: 94-49-5)

Oral route : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

Dermal route : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (CAS: 94-36-0)

Oral route : LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Species: Mouse

Inhalation route (n/a): LC50 = 24.3 mg/l

Species: Rat

## Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure :

DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (CAS: 94-36-0)

Oral route: C = 200 mg/kg bodyweight/day

Species: Rat

Dermal route : C = 833 mg/kg bodyweight/day

Species: Rat

### 11.1.2. Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

## Monograph(s) from the IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer):

CAS 94-36-0: IARC Group 3: The agent is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.

# **SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

# 12.1. Toxicity

## 12.1.1. Substances

SILICON DIOXIDE (CAS: 7631-86-9)

Fish toxicity : LC50 > 10000 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 > 10000 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 24 h

DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (CAS: 94-36-0)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 0.0602 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 96 h

NOEC = 0.0316 mg/l Duration of exposure : 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 0.110 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

NOEC = 0.0765 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 0.0711 mg/l

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Duration of exposure: 72 h

NOEC = 0.02 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 72 h

### **12.1.2.** Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

## 12.2.1. Substances

SILICON DIOXIDE (CAS: 7631-86-9)

Biodegradability : no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading

quickly.

DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (CAS: 94-36-0)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

### 12.3.1. Substances

DIBENZOYL PEROXIDE (CAS: 94-36-0)

Octanol/water partition coefficient : log Koe = 3.2

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

## 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

## German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV vom 18/04/2017, KBws):

WGK 2: Hazardous for water.

### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

## 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

### Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

### Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

# Codes of wastes (Decision 2014/955/EC, Directive 2008/98/EEC on hazardous waste):

16 03 05\*

15 01 10\*

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2019 - IMDG 2018 - ICAO/IATA 2019).

# 14.1. UN number

3106

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN3106=ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, SOLID

(dibenzoyl peroxide)

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# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification:



5 3

# 14.4. Packing group

-

The packing group has not been designated. Packing group II recommended

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

- Environmentally hazardous material:



## 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	5.2	P1	-	5.2	-	500 g	122 274	E0	2	D
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ	Stowage	Segregation	
								Handling		
	5.2	-	-	500 g	F-J, S-R	122 274	E0	Category D	SG35 SG36	
								SW1	SG72	

IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ
	5.2	5.2	-	570	5 kg	570	10 kg	A20 A802	E0
	5.2	5.2	-	Forbidden	Forbidden	-	-	A20 A802	E0

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No data available.

### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

- Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2018/1480 (ATP 13)
- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2019/521 (ATP 12)

## - Container information:

No data available.

### - Particular provisions :

No data available.

- German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV vom 18/04/2017, KBws):

WGK 2: Hazardous for water.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

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Wording of the phrases mentioned in section  ${\bf 3}$ :

H241 Heating may cause a fire or explosion.
 H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Abbreviations:** 

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS02: Flame

GHS07 : Exclamation mark GHS09 : Environment

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable. SVHC: Substances of very high concern.