

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2015/830)

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: FLAGON FLEXOCOL EP

SDS n°1137a

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name: SOPREMA.

Address: 14, Rue de Saint-Nazaire.67025.STRASBOURG.FRANCE.

Telephone: 03 88 79 84 00. Fax: 03 88 79 84 01.

mkulinicz@soprema.fr www.soprema.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number: +44 (0)1 235 239 670.

Association/Organisation: CARECHEM 24.

#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Flammable liquid, Category 2 (Flam. Liq. 2, H225).

Skin irritation, Category 2 (Skin Irrit. 2, H315).

Eye irritation, Category 2 (Eye Irrit. 2, H319).

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Category 3 (STOT SE 3, H336).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 2 (Aquatic Chronic 2, H411).

#### 2.2. Label elements

## In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms:







GHS02

GHS07

GHS09

)

Signal Word:

DANGER

Product identifiers:

EC 921-024-6 HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <5% N-HEXANE

Hazard statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements - Prevention :

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statements - Response :

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].
P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing. Precautionary statements - Storage :

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Precautionary statements - Disposal :

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / regional / national / international regulation.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

#### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

#### 3.2. Mixtures

## Composition:

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
CAS: 78-93-3	GHS07, GHS02	[1]	10 <= x % < 30
EC: 201-159-0	Dgr	' '	
REACH: 01-2119457290-43-xxxx	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
	Acute Tox. 4, H312		
BUTANONE	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
	STOT SE 3, H336		
CAS: 141-78-6	GHS07, GHS02	[1]	10 <= x % < 30
EC: 205-500-4	Dgr		
REACH: 01-2119475103-46-xxxx	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
	Eye Irrit. 2, H319		
ETHYL ACETATE	STOT SE 3, H336		
	EUH:066		
EC: 921-024-6	GHS07, GHS09, GHS08, GHS02		10 <= x % < 30
REACH: 01-2119475514-35-xxxx	Dgr		
	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALKANES,	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <5% N-HEXANE	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
	STOT SE 3, H336		
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
CAS: 14726-36-4	GHS09		0 <= x % < 1
EC: 238-778-0	Wng		
REACH: 01-2119543708-31-xxxx	Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
	M Acute = 1		
ZINC DIBENZYLDITHIOCARBAMATE	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		
	M Chronic = 1		
CAS: 110-54-3	GHS07, GHS09, GHS08, GHS02	[1]	0 <= x % < 1
EC: 203-777-6	Dgr	[2]	
REACH: 01-2119480412-44-xxxx	Flam. Liq. 2, H225		
	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
N-HEXANE	Acute Tox. 4, H312		
	Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
	Acute Tox. 4, H332		
	STOT SE 3, H336		
	Repr. 2, H361f		
	STOT RE 2, H373		
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		

## Information on ingredients:

- [1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.
- [2] Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic (CMR) substance.

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

## In the event of exposure by inhalation:

In the event of massive inhalation, remove the person exposed to fresh air. Keep warm and at rest.

If the person is unconscious, place in recovery position. Notify a doctor in all events, to ascertain whether observation and supportive hospital care will be necessary.

If breathing is irregular or has stopped, effect mouth-to-mouth resuscitation and call a doctor.

# In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

If there is any redness, pain or visual impairment, consult an ophthalmologist.

# In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

If the contaminated area is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

## In the event of swallowing:

Do not give the patient anything orally.

In the event of swallowing, if the quantity is small (no more than one mouthful), rinse the mouth with water and consult a doctor.

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting.

Seek medical attention immediately, showing the label.

If swallowed accidentally, call a doctor to ascertain whether observation and hospital care will be necessary. Show the label.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

Flammable.

Chemical powders, carbon dioxide and other extinguishing gas are suitable for small fires.

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

#### Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, use:

- sprayed water or water mist
- water with AFFF (Aqueous Film Forming Foam) additive
- halon
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

Prevent the effluent of fire-fighting measures from entering drains or waterways.

## Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use:

- water jet

## 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

## **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

## For non first aid worker

Because of the organic solvents contained in the mixture, eliminate sources of ignition and ventilate the area.

Avoid inhaling the vapors.

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

If a large quantity has been spilt, evacuate all personnel and only allow intervention by trained operators equipped with safety apparatus.

## For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

If the product contaminates waterways, rivers or drains, alert the relevant authorities in accordance with statutory procedures Use drums to dispose of collected waste in compliance with current regulations (see section 13).

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

#### Fire prevention:

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Vapours are heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and form mixtures that are explosive with air.

Prevent the formation of flammable or explosive concentrations in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

Prevent the accumulation of electrostatic charges with connections to earth.

The mixture can become electrostatically charged: always earth during decanting operations. Wear antistatic shoes and clothing and floors should be electrically conductive.

Use the mixture in premises free of naked flames or other sources of ignition and ensure that electrical equipment is suitably protected.

Keep packages tightly closed and away from sources of heat, sparks and naked flames.

Do not use tools which may produce sparks. Do not smoke.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

## Recommended equipment and procedures:

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Avoid inhaling vapors.

Avoid inhaling vapors. Carry out any industrial operation which may give rise to this in a sealed apparatus.

Provide vapor extraction at the emission source and also general ventilation of the premises.

Also provide breathing apparatus for certain short tasks of an exceptional nature and for emergency interventions.

In all cases, recover emissions at source.

Avoid skin and eye contact with this mixture.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

## Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

Never open the packages under pressure.

# 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

#### Storage

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

Keep away from all sources of ignition - do not smoke.

Keep well away from all sources of ignition, heat and direct sunlight.

Avoid accumulation of electrostatic charges.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

#### **Packaging**

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

## 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1. Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits:

- European Union (2017/164/UE, 2009/161/UE, 2006/15/CE, 2000/39/CE, 98/24/CE)

CAS	VME-mg/m3:	VME-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	Notes :
78-93-3	600	200	900	300	-
141-78-6	734	200	1468	400	-
110-54-3	72	20	-	-	-

- France (INRS - ED984 :2012) :

CAS	VME-ppm:	VME-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	Notes:	TMP No:
78-93-3	200	600	300	900	*	84
141-78-6	400	1400	-	-	-	84
110-54-3	20	72	-	-	R3	59, 84

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, 2007) :

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria :
78-93-3	200 ppm	300 ppm		SkBMGV	
	600 mg/m3	899 mg/m3			
141-78-6	200 ppm	400 ppm			
110-54-3	20 ppm				
	72 mg/m3				

## Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <5% N-HEXANE

Final use: Workers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Long term systemic effects.

2035 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Long term systemic effects.

773 mg/kg body weight/day

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Long term systemic effects.

699 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Long term systemic effects.

699 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 608 mg of substance/m3

ETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 141-78-6)

Final use: Workers.

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Long term systemic effects.
63 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.

DNEL: 1468 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term systemic effects. DNEL: 1468 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 734 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 734 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Long term systemic effects.

4.5 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Long term systemic effects.

37 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Short term local effects.
DNEL: 734 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Short term systemic effects.
734 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 367 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 367 mg of substance/m3

**BUTANONE (CAS: 78-93-3)** 

Final use: Workers.
Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects:

DNEL:

Long term systemic effects.

1161 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: 600 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Ingestion.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: Long term systemic effects.

Long term systemic effects.

31 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Dermal contact.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 412 mg/kg body weight/day

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects. DNEL: Long term systemic effects. 106 mg of substance/m3

Predicted no effect concentration (PNEC):

ETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 141-78-6)
Environmental compartment: So

Environmental compartment: Soil. PNEC: 0.24 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water.

PNEC: 0.26 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC: 0.026 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC: 1.65 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 1.25 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment. PNEC: 0.125 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 650 mg/l

BUTANONE (CAS: 78-93-3)

Environmental compartment: Soil.

PNEC: 22.5 mg/kg

Environmental compartment: Fresh water. PNEC : 55.8 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Sea water. PNEC : 55.8 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Intermittent waste water.

PNEC : 55.8 mg/l

Environmental compartment: Fresh water sediment.

PNEC: 284.7

Environmental compartment: Marine sediment.

PNEC: 284.7

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC : 709 mg/l

## 8.2. Exposure controls

## Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE):









Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

# - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles with protective sides accordance with standard EN166.

In the event of high danger, protect the face with a face shield.

Prescription glasses are not considered as protection.

Individuals wearing contact lenses should wear prescription glasses during work where they may be exposed to irritant vapours.

Provide eyewash stations in facilities where the product is handled constantly.

# - Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))

Recommended properties:

- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

## - Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing:

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034 to prevent skin contact.

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

#### - Respiratory protection

Avoid breathing vapours.

If the ventilation is insufficient, wear appropriate breathing apparatus.

When workers are confronted with concentrations that are above occupational exposure limits, they must wear a suitable, approved, respiratory protection device.

Anti-gas and vapour filter(s) (Combined filters) in accordance with standard EN14387:

- AX (Brown)

## **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **General information:**

Physical state: Fluid liquid.

#### Important health, safety and environmental information

pH : Not stated.
Neutral.

Boiling point/boiling range :  $> 35^{\circ}$ C Flash Point :  $-26.00^{\circ}$ C. Vapour pressure (50°C) : Not relevant.

Density: 0,85 (20°C)
Water solubility: Insoluble.
Viscosity: 2 500 cP (20°C)
Melting point/melting range: Not specified.
Self-ignition temperature: Not specified.
Decomposition point/decomposition range: Not specified.

9.2. Other information

VOC (g/l): 476

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

## 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

## 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Any apparatus likely to produce a flame or to have a metallic surface at high temperature (burners, electric arcs, furnaces etc.) must not be allowed on the premises.

Avoid:

- accumulation of electrostatic charges.
- heating

- heat
- flames and hot surfaces

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from:

- strong acids
- strong bases
- strong oxidising agents

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- nitrogen oxide (NO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Exposure to vapours from solvents in the mixture in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system.

Symptoms produced will include headaches, numbness, dizziness, fatigue, muscular asthenia and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness

May cause irreversible damage to the skin; namely inflammation of the skin or the formation of erythema and eschar or oedema following exposure up to four hours.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

May have reversible effects on the eyes, such as eye irritation which is totally reversible by the end of observation at 21 days.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

Narcotic effects may occur, such as drowsiness, narcosis, decreased alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination or dizziness.

Effects may also occur in the form of violent headaches or nausea, judgement disorder, giddiness, irritability, fatigue or memory disturbance.

#### 11.1.1. Substances

# Acute toxicity:

N-HEXANE (CAS: 110-54-3)

Dermal route: LD50 = 2000 mg/kg

Species : Rabbit

Inhalation route (n/a): LC50 = 17.6 mg/l

Species: Rat

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <5% N-HEXANE

Oral route : LD50 = 5840 mg/kg

Species: Rat

Dermal route : LD50 = 2920 mg/kg

Species : Rat

Inhalation route (n/a): LC50 = 25.2 mg/l

Species : Rat

ETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 141-78-6)

Oral route : LD50 = 4100 mg/kg

Species : Mouse

Dermal route: LD50 = 20000 mg/kg

Species : Rabbit

Inhalation route (n/a) : LC50 = 30 mg/l

Species: Rat

BUTANONE (CAS: 78-93-3)

Oral route : LD50 = 2000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

Dermal route : LD50 = 2000 mg/kg

Species : Rabbit

Inhalation route (n/a) : LC50 = 20 mg/l

Species : Rat

#### 11.1.2. Mixture

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

The product must not be allowed to run into drains or waterways.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

#### 12.1.1. Substances

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <5% N-HEXANE

Fish toxicity: EC0 mg/l

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 3 mg/l

Species: Daphnia magna Duration of exposure: 48 h

Algae toxicity: EC0 mg/l

N-HEXANE (CAS: 110-54-3)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 10 mg/l

Duration of exposure : 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 10 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 10 mg/l

Duration of exposure : 72 h

ETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 141-78-6)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 230 mg/l

Duration of exposure : 96 h

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 11.5 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 5600 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 48 h

**BUTANONE (CAS: 78-93-3)** 

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 100 mg/l

Duration of exposure : 96 h

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 100 mg/l

Duration of exposure: 72 h

# **12.1.2. Mixtures**

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

## 12.2.1. Substances

N-HEXANE (CAS: 110-54-3)

#### **SOPREMA**

#### **FLAGON FLEXOCOL EP**

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading

quickly.

HYDROCARBONS, C6-C7, N-ALKANES, ISOALKANES, CYCLICS, <5% N-HEXANE

Biodegradability : no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading

quickly.

ETHYL ACETATE (CAS: 141-78-6)

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading

quickly.

BUTANONE (CAS: 78-93-3)

Biodegradability: no degradability data is available, the substance is considered as not degrading

quickly.

## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

## Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

#### Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2017 - IMDG 2016 - ICAO/IATA 2017).

# 14.1. UN number

1133

# 14.2. UN proper shipping name

UN1133=ADHESIVES containing flammable liquid

## 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

- Classification :



3

## 14.4. Packing group

Ш

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

- Environmentally hazardous material :



## 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	3	F1	II	3	33	5 L	640C	E2	2	D/E
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ			
	3	-	II	5 L	F-E,S-D	-	E2			
					•					
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	
	3	-	II	353	5 L	364	60 L	A3	E2	
	3	-	II	Y341	1 L	-	-	A3	E2	

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG.

For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

No data available.

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

## - Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2016/1179. (ATP 9)

#### - Container information:

No data available.

## - Labelling for VOCs present in varnishes, paints and in vehicle refinishing products (2004/42/EC):

The permitted European level of VOC in this ready-to-use product is limited to 476 g/l.

The permitted European level of VOC in the ready-to-use product (category IIAc) is 75 g/l maximum (2007).

## - Particular provisions :

No data available.

## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

# Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H361f	Suspected of damaging fertility.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## SOPREMA

#### **FLAGON FLEXOCOL EP**

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

## Abbreviations:

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level

PNEC : Predicted No-Effect Concentration CMR: Carcinogenic, mutagenic or reprotoxic.

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. IATA: International Air Transport Association. ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS02: Flame

GHS07 : Exclamation mark GHS09 : Environment

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable. SVHC: Substances of very high concern.